Psych CE

Evaluating the Therapeutic Value of Psychedelics

1. The ban on psychedelic drugs in the United States was driven by all except

- A. the rise of the counterculture
- B. Vietnam War Protests
- C. lack of standards in clinical trials
- D. recreational drug use

2. Most psychedelics are labeled as Schedule 1 drugs meaning they have

- A. they have a high risk of abuse and no accepted medical use
- B. they have a high risk of abuse but have medical use
- C. they have a low risk of abuse and no accepted medical use
- D. they have a low risk of abuse and medical use

3. Classic psychedelics are

- A. dopamine receptor agonists
- B. glutamate receptor agonists
- C. norepinephrine agonist
- D. serotonin agonist

4. Psilocybin is also known colloquially as

- A. ecstacy
- B. magic mushrooms
- C. lucy
- D. dots

5. LSD is made by combining the chemical diethyl-amide with the natural occurring fungus

- A. psilocybin
- B. ergot
- C. peyote
- D. ibogaine

6. Mescaline is derived from

A. a flowering plant

B. a shrubC. a cactusD. a fungus

7. DMT is also known as the _____ for people's report of the profound life changing experiences.

A. spirit molecule

B. Special K

C. magic mushroom

D. ecstacy

8. Ketamine has always been a legal drug used as

A. a pain killer

B. a stimulant

C. a sleep aid

D. an anesthetic

9. Due to it's creating feelings of euphoria and connectedness MDMA is classified as

A. a vasopressin

B. an entactogen

C. a depressant

D. a stimulant

10. This psychedelic has shown a reduction in withdrawal symptoms, reductions in drug cravings and use, and even a complete cessation of drug use.

A. Ibogaine

B. MDMA

C. Ketamine

D. LSD

11. One way psychedelics work is by increasing the serotonergic signaling which in turn decreases the threat sensitivity, this helps treat anxiety and depression by

- A. increasing hyper-connectivity
- B. increasing amygdala reactivity
- C. reducing modulation of glutamate
- D. reducing the negative cognitive bias

12. One theory on how psychedelics work is

A. by reseting a persons default mode network

- B. they are only effective with psychotherapy
- C. by stimulating numerous neurotransmitters at once
- D. by decreasing overproduction of hormones

13. Researchers are still trying to understand the correlation of how	improves
therapeutic outcomes.	

- A. classic psychedelics
- B. non-classic psychedelics
- C. mystical-type experiences
- D. psychedelic tourism

14. _____ is experienced whenever humans encounter stimuli so vast and novel that they must alter their understanding of reality.

- A. Reality
- B. Awe
- C. Rumination
- D. Empathy

15. In most clinical trials and treatment models the _____ consists of rapport building, history gathering, and psychoeducation.

- A. preparation session
- B. dosing session
- C. integration session
- D. follow-up session

16. In most clinical trials and treatment models the _____ consists of experience and insights being explored and reinforcing the desired changes.

- A. preparation session
- B. dosing session
- C. integration session
- D. follow-up session

17. The _____ is to protect the safety and welfare of participants and outline principles governing treatment decisions made by providers.

- A. confidentiality
- B. therapeutic alliance
- C. safety protocol
- D. code of ethics

18. These are the three main risks associated with psychedelic therapy except

- A. potential for a bad trip
- B. sertonin agonist
- C. potential to trigger an underlying psychotic disorder
- D. short-term physiological reactions

19. _____ is the practice of taking a small amount of psychedelic every few days to experience the benefits without the high.

A. micro-dosing

- B. macrodosing
- C. mezzodosing
- D. mixed dosing

20. The FDA approved _____ on a limited basis to treat major depressive disorder and treatment resisant depression.

A. Ketamine

- B. Esketamine
- C. MDMA
- D. DMT

Copyright © 2025 Psych CE

Visit us at https://www.psychce.com